



THE NEW SUN FOR THE WHOLE WORLD
ANDERSEN, MEYER
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HONGKONG.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

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THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1919.

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REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE RENEWED ARMISTICE.

ENTENTE AND GERMAN DELEGATES MEET.

Paris, March 16.
Representatives of the Entente and Germany held a meeting at the Hotel Astoria in Brussels, not saluting one another on entering the room, and without polite formalities.
Admiral Wemyss read the report, asking if the Germans accepted the terms for renewing the Armistice.
The leader of the German Delegation replied "Yes."
The agreement was then signed.—Havas.

THE PARIS CONFERENCES.

Paris, March 16.
Contrary to expectation, President Wilson did not attend the meeting of the Council of Ten yesterday.
The Supreme War Council had a very bulky volume before it, containing the detailed schedule of the military, naval and aerial terms to be imposed on Germany.
President Wilson has issued a statement that the decision taken at the plenary session of the Peace Conference on January 25, that the foundation of the League of Nations should form an integral part of the Peace Treaty, is final; therefore there are no grounds for reports that a modification of this decision is considered.—Havas.

THE KIEL CANAL.

A NEW PROPOSAL.

Paris, March 16.
French papers mention a scheme fixing the future status of the Kiel Canal which has received a certain amount of support among the Peace delegates, namely, exploitation of the canal by an international limited liability company, the value of the canal and the narrow strip of territory on either bank to be deducted from the general sum to be recovered from Germany.—Havas.

THE COTTON SITUATION.

SPECIAL MISSION TO FAR EAST.

London, March 5 (delayed).
In the House of Commons, Mr. Sugden drew attention to the serious nature, in the markets abroad, of the cotton-spinning and weaving trade since the Armistice. He asked about the possibilities of opening new markets and the solution of exchange values.
Mr. Steel Maitland replied that it was the duty of Commercial Attaches and Trade Commissioners to report upon the possibilities of new extended markets for British goods. The Far Eastern situation was full of anxiety and the despatch of a special mission of investigation was being considered. No report could suggest any general solution of exchange values, as the problems differed in various localities. He was not aware of any prospect of shortage in American cotton for the Lancashire mills, while the Government had already taken the necessary steps to secure Egyptian supplies.

BRAZILIAN DOCK FIRE.

HUGE LOSS SUFFERED.

London, March 6 (delayed).
A message from Santos says a very serious fire at the docks destroyed 29,000 bales of jute and 90,000 bags of State Government coffee. The loss is estimated at a million and a half sterling.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

GERMAN'S LEASE OF TSINGTAU.

Washington, March 19.
The Associated Press correspondent at Paris reports that it is said that the Peace Conference has virtually decided to include in the Preliminary Treaty of Peace requirements that Germany relinquish her leasehold of Tsingtau and of all her property concessions in Shantung province.—American Wireless.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

New York, March 19.
The Secretary to President Wilson announces that he is in receipt of a cablegram from President Wilson stating that the Plenary Council has positively decided that the League of Nations will be part of the Peace Treaty.—American Wireless.

LOANS TO SIBERIA.

Washington, March 19.
The United States Treasury Department advanced a new credit amounting to \$15,000,000 to be expended by Siberia, making the total loans by the United States to Siberia \$27,000,000, and the total United States loans to the Allies \$8,674,657,000.—American Wireless.

U. S. REVENUE.

Washington, March 19.
President Wilson, in signing the Revenue Bill, has put into operation the machinery for collecting six billion dollars by taxation this year.
The new measure carried a rider making the District of Columbia "bone dry," with no liquors permitted except in the foreign Embassies and Legations, which will not be affected by the measure.—American Wireless.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

PRESIDENT WILSON IN PARIS.

Paris, March 19.
President Wilson arrived here shortly after noon on Friday.—American Wireless.

COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, March 19.
The cotton quotations are as follow:—
March 16.81d
May 13.46d
Spot 17.47d
—American Wireless.

CHINESE COMMERCIAL ORGANISATION.

Chicago, March 19.
On Tuesday, the first exclusively Chinese commercial organisation in the United States was formed in the shape of a new Chinese Steamship Line, to which the Chinese merchants of San Francisco have subscribed \$3,000,000.
The dedication of the Chinese Industrial Commercial Association building in the Chinese quarter in Chicago took place on Tuesday.
Chi Lin-tsun, Chinese Consul-General at New York, and a number of Chinese of New York were welcomed by the Chicago business-men at a banquet.
The Consul-General said the Association had been planned to promote friendly relations and to encourage commerce between the Republic of the United States of America and China. A cordial spirit of co-operation was shown between the American merchants and the Chinese.—American Wireless.

RACE PREJUDICE.

New York, March 19.
Viscount Ishii, Japanese Ambassador to the United States, speaking before the Japan Society, last evening, urged action by the Peace Conference to eliminate race prejudice.—American Wireless.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(By Courtesy of the "South China Morning Post.")

STRAITS "OUR DAY" FUND.

Singapore, March 20.
Penang's "Our Day" Fund has reached \$225,000.
The total Straits collection will reach over £100,000.

RELIEF SHIP REACHES SINGAPORE.

Singapore, March 20.
The s.s. Mariana (sent as a relief ship to take the Nore and Novara passengers) has arrived and been inspected by the Colonial Secretary. The vessel is mainly divided into wards, but is very comfortable.

DAY BY DAY.

A Chinese thief who had a preference for sugar candy was today sent to gaol for 14 days. He was a workman in the Taikoo Sugar Refinery, and was arrested by a watchman who found the stuff concealed under his armpit.

A Chinese boy who snatched a gold-mounted rattan bangle was today brought before Mr. R. E. Lindell, who passed the heavy sentence of nine months' hard labour, 10 strokes with the birch and four hours' stocks, in view of his bad record. The boy, it seems, is a hardened criminal. He had been sent to prison on two previous occasions for similar crimes.

A Singapore Chinese who is said to have stolen a quantity of gold spectacle rims and other articles from the Commercial Press at Singapore, is at present in the custody of the Hongkong Police. The extradition proceedings which were to have been instituted at the Magistrate's for his surrender to the Singapore authorities have been delayed owing to the fact that several important witnesses have not arrived from Singapore. It is expected that the proceedings will be commenced on Friday next, when M. Leo Longinotto will appear for the Crown and Mr. Agassiz for the fugitive.

Arising out of a recent case in which the owner of No. 170 Wellington Street, was ordered by the Government to pull down the superstructure of his building which was considered to be dangerous, a summons was taken out by the P.W.D. against him, for disobeying the order. The defendant informed Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning that the work of demolition was in the hands of his architect, Mr. Rosser, who was unable to take on the work then, due to pressure of other work elsewhere. The time given for the demolition was six weeks, but at the expiry of that period, nothing had been done. Mr. Rosser today told Mr. Lindell that the defendant did not give him definite instructions to prepare a plan for the work until after five weeks had elapsed. As far as he was concerned, he had done his best to push the matter forward. He had repeatedly written to defendant warning him to comply with the order. Mr. Rosser complained of the reports in the Press which stated, in effect, that the fault was his. The Magistrate observed that that was the defence the defendant put up, and the Press was therefore not to blame for reporting it. He imposed a fine of \$50 on the defendant.

PHOTOGRAPH OF THE NEW GOVERNOR.

GET SATURDAY'S PICTORIAL SUPPLEMENT.

To read about a man in no doubt very interesting, but to see a picture of him is far more so. We know that ever since the fact became known that Hongkong was to have a new Governor, people have been wondering what he is like in appearance.

When the official announcement of Mr. Stubbs' appointment was made, the *Telegraph*, realising how deeply the public were interested in the news, despatched a cable to its agents in Colombo, requesting them to send a photograph by the next steamer to Hongkong.

Readers of the *Telegraph* will now learn with pleasure that our agents were successful in getting a portrait aboard an outgoing steamer within an hour of the receipt of the cable. We have made a half-tone block of the photograph, and the portrait will appear in Saturday's Pictorial Supplement.

As there will doubtless be a considerable demand for copies of the issue containing this photograph, readers would do well to order same in advance.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE WAR MEMORIAL.

(To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph.")

Sir,—If one class of men more than another deserve credit for winning this great war it is the men of our Air Department.

If we all doff our hats to them and then scratch our heads, the fact at once presents itself that the War Memorial should be an Aerodrome and an Air Service of our own to Shanghai, Manila and Singapore. The profits from this would keep multiplying our available funds so that there would soon be enough to build the Victory cantilever and Foch-Haig suspension bridges.

Some want a theatre to laugh in, some a hospital to be sick in, some a City Hall to deliberate in, some a Baptist chapel to pray in and so on; but when multi-millionaires such as Mr. Andrew Carnegie, Rockefeller, Wills, etc., come sailing in on our airships as passengers, all these will be packets of sweets, thrown down at us gratis. These millionaires on viewing our Colony from up aloft will see at a glance the necessity for the bridges, and when landed safely at our Aerodrome ask for sealed tenders for their erection.

A small compound on the site selected for the Aerodrome could be immediately fenced off as a captive balloon station similar to the one on Market Street, San Francisco, where a balloon ascends and descends each 15 minutes with passengers at a time (ten cents) a head. (China's millions would revel in this).

Mothers could take their youngsters a trip up aloft to see what a fine place it looks like from up there, and most of the youths would probably aspire to become air-pilots, who, like chauffeurs, are wanted more and more as time proceeds.

On the evening of Celebration Day a display of pictorial fireworks illustrative of the war should be devised.

If we don't get this Air Service started soon, we shall have the airships sailing in from Home and foreign shores, so let us get busy and be

RIGHT UP TO DATE

BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE.

Hongkong, March 20, 1919.

HONGKONG TRAFFIC CONTROL.

MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENTS.

SCOPE FOR IMPROVEMENT.

With about 250 motor-cars in the Colony and about 150 motor cycles, it is surprising that there should be such few motor accidents, considering that certain classes of Chinese are the most stupid people on the streets. They pace the thoroughfares in a blissful manner, paying no heed to what is before or at the back of them. The rule of the road is a thing they do not know or have never been ever educated to observe. They hob-noble all over the streets, swerving recklessly wherever they want. There is no bridle over this desire, and the chauffeur's task is unenviable, for he does not know which way the Chinese pedestrian in front of him may turn. The pedestrian may appear to be going in a certain direction; but suddenly, without any warning, he will change his course and possibly be run over. The fact that we have so few accidents supports the belief that the drivers of our motor-cars are, generally speaking, competent. The motor accidents average about four a month, and this, with 400 motor-cars and cycles in the Colony, is not considered excessive, in view of the local conditions. There is no real amount of recklessness amongst the drivers. If there were, then there would be more accidents than there are.

Superintendent Lane, of the Fire Brigade Station, tests all motor-car drivers and motor cyclists, and is considered perfectly competent to examine them and issue licences. It is common knowledge that a speedlimit for motor-cars is in force in the Colony. It is at present fixed at 12 miles per hour. To say that there is no check on our motor-cars as far as speed limit is concerned is untrue, but, even so, there is talk of increasing it to 15 miles, and the new traffic regulations which will shortly be published may provide for a speed-limit of 15 miles. Sir Henry May said sometime ago that 15 miles would be a better limit than 12. This is a matter for discussion. The traffic regulations, which are at present being revised, cover motor-cars, motor cycles, etc.

The present regulations lay down that a motor-car must have a headlight. You can have it as blinding and glaring as possible. Apparently there is no speed limit for motor-cars in the New Territories. The speed limit has been in force in the Colony for several years and it is therefore, absurd, to state that none exist.

As regards control of traffic, the Police have provided a European sergeant with a motor-cycle to supervise control traffic. On the new traffic regulations and other cognate subjects we secured an expression of opinion this morning from Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, the Deputy Superintendent of Police. "Are there any regulations about blinding headlights?" enquired the interviewer. "The drivers," said Mr. Wodehouse, "are supposed to dim their lights when passing cars. There is no regulation at present about blinding headlights."

"How are speed limits checked?" "There are various ways of checking speed. You can have a measured distance or you can say the man travelled to a certain distance by such a time. We do not have many cases of exceeding the speed limit. We have difficulty in satisfying the Magistrate. Half the trouble is at the Magistrate's."

"How do you think they can be remedied?" "I do not know how they are going to fix this checking of speed limits. It is very difficult to say the speed at which a car has been travelling. There are various ways of doing it—stop watches, for instance. It would

be easier to prove reckless driving against a chauffeur or a driver than to prove that he exceeded the speed limit."

"But isn't that one and the same thing?" asked the writer. "If you allege that a man has been driving recklessly you assume that he has been driving heedlessly, without any regard to speed."

"It is, in a way, when you think of it. All we can say is that the Police are endeavouring to find a way to check the speed, to satisfy the Magistrate. To produce evidence to satisfy the Magistrate has been the great difficulty in the past. In the future we hope to find some means of doing it."

"How do you deal with pedestrian traffic in the streets?" asked the interviewer. "One of our troubles is that most of the footpaths are very narrow. In the central part of the town, especially in the European part of Queen's Road, that is, from the City Hall to the Hongkong Hotel, there is plenty of room, but in the Chinese part of Queen's Road there is no room on the pavements for more than two abreast. Naturally the rules are not observed. The same remark applies to the European part of the Queen's Road. An ordinary Chinaman says that there is a road, and uses it, and does not mind anyone else. In England we have got a traffic sense. We have for generations been accustomed to looking where we were going. The Chinese have not been educated on the rules of the road. The Chinese are not accustomed to fast traffic. There is no fast traffic in China, if we except the Treaty Ports. The result is that the Chinese do not realise the necessity of taking care of themselves in streets. Supposing you had a European population in Hongkong of the same size as the Chinese, you would probably not have any accidents in the streets. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred in street accidents it is sheer stupidity on the part of the Chinese pedestrian. We need a large body of constables to regulate pedestrian traffic efficiently. There must be a chain of constables on traffic duty to see that the rule of the road is carried out throughout."

"What action have the Police taken as regards the insulting way chair coolies solicit fares?" asked our representative. "I have had dozens of cases where rickshas, coolies have been prosecuted for calling out. The Police are supposed to see to this."

"The evil does not seem to have abated," remarked the interviewer. "The Chinese and Indian constables on duty are instructed to summon chair coolies who shout out to people. If they are not doing this, then they are not discharging their duties."

"One cannot go down Pedder Street or pass the Hongkong Hotel without being molested by the chair coolies."

"In that case all that you have to do is to take the number and give it to the Police."

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 3s. 1.11-16d.

The Weather.

Forecast:—fair. Barometer:—30.02. Temperature 2 p.m.:—74. Humidity 2 p.m.:—64.

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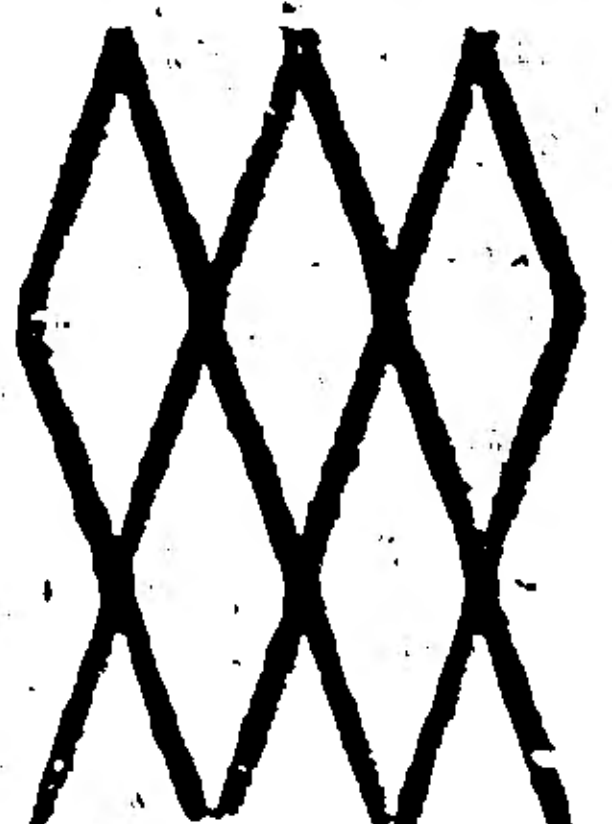
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OUR MANILA LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Manila, March 7.

Manila shipping circles have been stirred up during the past week as the result of a cablegram sent to Washington by the Insular Government at the request of the Secretary of Commerce and Communications, requesting the War Department to ascertain from the Shipping Board conditions under which part of the surplus tonnage of the Board released as a result of the cessation of hostilities might be secured for the Philippines, particularly such ships as might serve for the inter-island and China Coast trade. The cable was sent with no consultation, as far as can be learned, with local shipping men who at once entered a protest and filed resolutions to prove that the shipping situation at present as regards the Philippines demands a reduction of tonnage rather than an increase.

Mr. J. M. Poizat, head of a company operating several steamers in inter-island trade, and Mr. R. C. Morton, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, formed a committee of the Philippine Shipowners' Association and waited on Governor Yeater to state the case of the shipping men. It was declared that if the Shipping Board should now place a number of its surplus wooden ships in commission here in conformance with the Government's request, the resident shipping establishments would find themselves operating their ships at a loss. The only other alternative would be to allow the ships to remain idle in Manila Bay until shipping conditions improve. There are now 11 vessels of the U.S. Shipping Board running out of Manila, three of which are wooden ships. One more is on the way and will be operated by the Pacific Mail Company, agents for the shipping Board. Shipping men fear that these wooden ships, many of which were built of green lumber, would not stand up well under the conditions of a tropical climate and that the hazard would be increased, causing a boost in insurance rates. The shipping men called attention to the fact

that inter-island shipping is especially dull at present and that many of the steamers on inter-island runs have been making voyages with half cargoes or less. In view of the representations of the shipping firms, Governor Yeater is considering a withdrawal of the Government's request.

With the resignation of Mr. Claud Russell, Director of the Bureau of Public Works, to become manager of the National Coal Company, the position of Chief of Public Works will be filled by a Filipino, Jose Paz, of the Designing Division of the Bureau, being mentioned for the place. This means the Filipinization of one of the most important Bureaux of the Government which up to this time has always been completely under the direction of Americans.

The Legislature at its special session approved the creation of the Philippine Independence Commission and gave it full authority to proceed with the work of negotiating independence for the islands. It will continue in existence until its purposes are accomplished. It will have power to instruct the Special Mission of Filipinos now on the way to Washington and to create and instruct such other missions as may be deemed necessary. The feeling prevails that the independence issue will be brought to some definite conclusion during the present year. While the members of the Mission will not get to Washington in time to meet President Wilson, Mr. Quezon, President of the Mission, has been in the United States for two months and will have had an opportunity to confer with the President on the Philippines question.

Hemp exporters in Manila have received instructions from their main offices in the United States to refrain from buying hemp for the present. This is expected to portend some sort of change in the hemp market which has been stagnant for several months as the result of the operations of an alleged hemp ring which has sought to control the New York market.

A strike of street car motormen and conductors which has been

threatened on the Manila car lines for a week, will probably not occur. Some 100 employees quit on Sunday morning and most of them lost their positions, which were filled by former employees and student motormen. The question of wage demands which the operatives voted to present at a referendum, is still being studied by the street car company. The men ask an increase of 4 centavos an hour.

OUR PEKING LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Peking, March 8.

The deadlock at Shanghai continues, but there are good reasons for hoping that the Conference will resume before very long. The President is doing all that he possibly can to meet the demands of the Southern delegates. He has issued another mandate threatening the Northern commanders with the penalties of their disobedience if they do not carry out the armistice mandate. The bona fides of the President is beyond reproach. The difficulty is in knowing to what extent the militarists are working against him by supporting Tsuchun Chen Shu-fan in his attacks against the southern troops in that province. Hsu Shih-chang has urged the southern delegates to re-open the Conference, but so far no response is forthcoming.

Official information is to the effect that the seventeen million yen, the unpaid balance of the War Participation Loan, has been paid into the Bank of China, the agent of which in Peking is the Exchange Bank of China and that it has not yet been drawn. Mr. Obata called upon the Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs on Thursday and explained that as the money had been placed to the credit of the War Participation Bureau the Japanese Government had no further control over this money. According to his own version of the interview, he advised the Chinese Government not to touch the money lest it be thought that the Japanese Government is supporting the Chinese militarists. This version is different to that supplied by the Chinese, who say that Mr. Obata indicated that the money was lying at the bank and it was for them to decide what they would do. However, next afternoon the British, American, French and Italian Ministers called upon Mr. Chen Lu with the object of supporting the advice given by Mr. Obata in the matter of refraining from drawing upon the seventeen million. Perhaps no more striking commentary on the changed policy towards China can be made than merely to draw attention to the disintegration of the Big Five in this respect. Japan is not distinctly associated with America, Britain, France and Italy in the latest advice which it has been deemed necessary to tender to the Chinese Government.

Much discussion continues on the subject of the unification and internationalisation of China's railways. There are two or three different schemes; and until these be amalgamated the discussions are bound to somewhat diffuse. Of course the opposition of the Chiaotung party to any such scheme is largely based upon the prospective loss of perquisites at present enjoyed. Indeed, one cannot resist the conclusion that the opposition is inspired by regard for selfish interests rather than the good of the country.

As the Waichiaopu is moving into the new premises, there is a movement on foot to establish an international club with the old Waichiaopu as quarters. It is suggested that the Tokyo Club be taken as a model. Such institution is long overdue. At present there is no meeting place for foreigners and Chinese.

The International Press Club is formally to come into being on Monday when members will assemble in the new premises fitted up in Erh Tiao Hutung. The American Minister and the American banking magnate, Mr. Abbott, will both be present on this interesting occasion.

One of the most interesting announcements of the week was the appointment of Mr. R. F. Johnston, a former district magistrate at Weihsaiwei and a distinguished sinologue, as English tutor to the youthful Emperor, whose limited outlook on life should now be considerably widened.

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It might be mentioned that the "Sunbeam" secured first prize in the Tourist's Trophy race in the Isle of Man, and the type of machine now being placed on the Eastern market was largely used in the war by the French for various purposes and it was acknowledged that the machine was the most reliable and efficient of any make of motor cycle used.

Demonstrations and further particulars can be had from Mr. Pack of Messrs. Shewan Tomes and Co. (Engineering Department) which firm is handling the machine in Hongkong. It might also be mentioned that Messrs. Shewan Tomes have a most up-to-date garage, at No. 7 Russell Street. The premises are admirably fitted up for the storage of new cars for which the firm is agent, and there is all the machinery for repairs, which are carried out under European supervision. The garage supplies a long felt want in the Colony and motor car or motor cycle owners can send their machines for repairs with a feeling of confidence that whatever work has to be done will be efficient.

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Business correspondence should be sent to the Manager.

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The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1919.

ABOLITION OF CONSCRIPTION.

Will conscription be abolished throughout Europe? That is the question that must be answered during the next few months by all the nations concerned. Germany and her late Allies will have no choice in the matter for their fate has already been decided, but the subject of conscription has also to be decided by the Entente, by America, and by all the neutrals. We take it that the main object of the Peace Conference is to safeguard the future peace of the world, and nothing could be more essential for this end than the abolition of conscription. If we look back a little time, we shall find that this was more or less the direct result of a nation building up a huge conscripted army, which ultimately thought itself in a position to defy the whole world. The principle of maintaining big armies is in itself fundamentally wrong, a fact that has been proved beyond doubt by the war which we have just gone through. No doubt the nations of the world must maintain armies in order to defend themselves from foreign attack, but it was not for this purpose that Germany systematically built up vast conscripted forces. The German Army was not for defensive, but for offensive purposes, and the other big European nations had of necessity to follow her lead, with the result that all the Great Powers, with the exception of Great Britain had to build up huge armies in order to keep pace with Germany. There could only be one result from such a state of affairs—the greatest war in the history of the world, a war which has brought death to millions, and which has left Europe shattered and ruined. We have, indeed, emerged victorious, but at a terrible cost. All this death and utter misery can be placed at the door of conscription, and therefore all the other great issues at stake must give way to the question of how to destroy for ever this menace to the peace of the world. As far as Germany is concerned, we have done away with this danger. The Supreme Council has decided that Germany, be permitted to retain an Army of only 100,000, recruited voluntarily, and it has also taken steps to ensure that this Army can never in the future assume larger proportions. The destruction of conscription in Germany means the destruction of militarism, and consequently, as far as she is concerned, the impossibility of making war in the future.

And now the question arises whether this destruction of the German Army will necessarily mean that peace in Europe is safe, and the answer is of course in the negative. As long as conscription and consequently huge armies capable of taking the offensive remain, peace is in danger, and the other nations, including Germany, must in a measure do to themselves what has been done to Germany. Fortunately those nations who are in the best position to bring about this happy state of affairs are in agreement on the subject. The Allies have decided that conscription must go, and we can congratulate ourselves on the fact that Great Britain has played a great part in bringing about such a decision, for the abolition of conscription in the German Army, which is undoubtedly the first direct step towards the destruction of conscription in Europe, is the support of the whole Empire. We can confidently look forward to the final disappearance of this great menace to peace.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

CHILD LABOUR.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Sanitary Board, Mr. Bowley put quite a direct and unambiguous question when he asked whether the Medical Officer of Health considered it desirable, in the interests of the public health of the Colony, that the ages, hours and conditions of the employment of women and children in factories, etc., should be regulated and controlled. It cannot be said, however, that he received an equally plain answer. It was admitted, in the official reply, that there is at present nothing equivalent in Hongkong to the Home Factory Act, and it was added that without full enquiry into all sides of the question, only the broadest lines could be laid down as desirable for a beginning. These "broadest lines" were indicated as the conditions which should be regarded as constituting overcrowding in factories and workshops, the ages at which children should be admitted into factories, and the regulation of working hours for children in factories. We all know that, but what we also want to know is whether the Government has any intention of legislating on the subject.

WANTED: A DEFINITE REPLY.

The Medical Officer of Health speaks of what could be done as a beginning, without full enquiry being first made. But Mr. Bowley's question was whether this official considered action to be necessary. That point was not answered at all. It looks, on the face of it, as though this were another instance of the official way of side-tracking important questions. We cannot see that any very full enquiry is needed about this matter. It must be fully known to the Government that women and children are employed in Hongkong factories under conditions which would never for a moment be tolerated at home. Then surely the outstanding issue could easily be removed without delay by passing legislation which would deal at least with elementary points. Mr. Bowley can scarcely be satisfied with the reply he got. For a next effort he might definitely ask whether the Government is or is not prepared to initiate legislation on the subject.

TROUBLED CHINA.

Whilst China is making every endeavour to persuade the Allied deliberators in Paris that she is entitled to a larger measure of freedom and independence, she is still unable to preserve peace within her own borders. We have every sympathy with those of the smaller nations who are seeking to use the present opportunity to secure a better place for themselves in world affairs, but it cannot be too often emphasised that such a result is only to be attained by nations which show that they are fit for advancement. A country which is in a continual state of strife should first set its own house in order before expecting elevation at the hands of others. The Shanghai Chinese commercial bodies realise that the great need of the country is peace, and they have been urging that an end be put to the present situation by both sides waiving technicalities. In some, however, the Conference has broken down not only because of the happenings in Shensi, but because there is no real spirit of compromise abroad. The Chinese, North and South alike, ought to realise that this is not the time for the seeking of temporary gains by one party over the other. Common-sense is needed, and a larger and broader outlook on affairs in general. The same elements, not the extremists, should get together and end this foolish wrangling. If that is not soon done, the last state of the country will be infinitely worse than the first.

FOOTBALL.

UNITED SERVICES LEAGUE.

The following players have been chosen to represent the Hongkong Football Club in their game with South China Athletic on Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 4.15 p.m. on the Club Ground:—G. Rodger; T. R. Chassels and D. Reichelmann; B. Pasco; J. Stewart and J. D. Carriere; W. Taylor, W. Hamilton, H. McTeish, E. Riis, C. Jennings.

DAY-BY-DAY.

IT IS BETTER TO KEEP IN THE OLD RUT THAN TO CLIMB OUT ONLY TO FALL INTO THE DITCH BY THE WAYSIDE.

There was one fatal case of cerebro-spinal meningitis notified yesterday.

Police Reserve orders state that P.C. 72 Chow Pak Tim is allowed to resign on leaving the Colony.

The programme for the first Gymkhana Meeting of the season, on April 5, is issued. Entries close on March 28.

A Chinese thief visited a cemetery at the Happy Valley and decamped with a bouquet of flowers which was placed over one of the graves. Probably he had the idea of selling them, but this did not come off. He was to-day fined.

It was announced in error yesterday that the curtain on "Piaffe & the Fairies" was to rise at 9 p.m. to-morrow. The public is requested to note that the evening performances will commence at 9.15 and the matinees at 4.30 p.m.

A Chinese was to-day remanded by Mr. G. N. Orme on a charge of managing, and being a member of, an unlawful society. He pleaded guilty to the first charge. Several documents relative to the alleged society were seized at 63, Canton Road and are now at the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs for investigation.

Messrs. Reiss and Co. write as follows:—"A paragraph appears in your issue of yesterday to the effect that the Texas Oil Company of New York intends to establish its own offices and erect storage tanks in Canton. We, as agents of the Company, would request you to kindly contradict the statement, which has no foundation in fact." The paragraph referred to was culled from the Canton Times.

The Tak Tai, a pawnbroker's shop at 218, Queen's Road West, was yesterday evening entered by a gang of seven robbers, five of whom were armed with revolvers. The people of the shop were closing down for the day when the desperadoes entered and held them up with their weapons. From the drawer of the counter and other places, they stole \$310 in money and jewellery, and then decamped safely with the haul.

Twenty-two Chinese and another person named Daniel Jesus were arrested yesterday in a police raid on No. 25 Ashton Road, Kowloon, and were to-day charged before Mr. G. N. Orme with gambling. Six of them, including the Portuguese, did not appear in Court and their bail of \$5 each were estreated. One woman who, it was proved, was the sole tenant of the place, was fined \$10, or in default 21 days. The others were each fined \$5. The Police Treasury benefited from this case to the extent of an extra \$5.35, which was seized during the raid.

A Chinese passenger by one of the Yau-nai Ferry launches had his pocket picked by a thief who stole \$55 in notes. He was observed by another passenger, and when a movement was made to arrest him he attempted, without success, to throw the money into the sea. When charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning, he said he was innocent and asked the Magistrate for a remand so that he could communicate with his relatives, who were abroad, as to the engaging of a solicitor to defend him. The Magistrate:—"Do you know any people in Hongkong?"—"I have got many friends here. I have been accused of theft, and it would be a disgrace to me were they to know. I prefer to communicate with my own people." The Magistrate:—"I am going to send you to prison for six months with hard labour. In the meantime you are entitled to communicate with your relative within eleven days."

MUSICAL JOTTINGS.

(BY "ENHARMONIC.")

Opportunities for studying examples of musical talent in the young idea are always welcomed by music lovers, for of all the gifts in Art, that of music is the one that becomes manifest, in most cases, long before talent in other directions shows itself. Such an opportunity was afforded last week, when Professor Danenberg's pupils gave their annual pianoforte recital.

I have not the space at my disposal to deal with each performer individually, and to make distinctions would be invidious; rather, I prefer to confine myself to a criticism of the results of Professor Danenberg's teaching, judging from the whole.

It was quite evident that the Professor has made his main object the providing of a strong groundwork in technique, and execution was displayed, in some instances, bordering upon brilliant. The idea has much in its favour. If a young boy or girl has not a natural gift of touch, no amount of tuition can provide it, neither is there any sort of substitute for the real thing, that can be acquired. On the other hand, technique, with a very few exceptions, must be acquired at a very early age, the earlier the better.

Many tutors argue on those lines very strongly. They hold that if the gift is there it will come out sooner or later, but if it is later, and there has been in different early technical training, an unsurmountable barrier is placed between mediocrity and brilliance. I do not know whether Professor Danenberg holds with that theory. I rather suspect he does.

As regards touch, phrasing and tone colouring, there were ample signs of the possession of natural gifts by the pupils who performed, last Friday, but brilliant executions were rather marred owing to a lack of attempts at individual interpretation to a degree that the above argument hardly justifies. I would have preferred to have heard some of the more advanced pupils play without their music. It gives confidence and induces attempts at individual interpretation that should not be altogether sacrificed for execution.

One solo in particular, was most brilliantly played, from a technical point of view, and the composition was a most exacting one, particularly for the left hand, but the beautiful theme was so indifferently phrased and coloured that what was otherwise a remarkable performance was reduced to the level of "just ordinary." It was a great pity for the soloist undoubtedly possesses a very fine natural gift. Drum in technique and practice assiduously, by all means, but do not disregard altogether the personal element.

Some years ago I heard a very young boy at his lesson in the Royal Academy. Mr. Pollard was his tutor there. The pupil was working up for a public performance. Of course, he had been correctly trained, but in this instance he was allowed to take the most amazing liberties. He was practising without music, of course, and everything was the other way about. Individual interpretation was the main point and the boy was allowed to go his own way. The final result was a very fine rendering of a well-known piece in all respects, but the boy was no more or no less gifted than many of the pupils I heard play, last Friday.

But on the whole the pupils acquitted themselves with great credit to their tutor and the parents have no reason to be dissatisfied, for it may be said promise of great things in the future was exhibited in every case, indeed it is astonishing that in a comparatively small place like Hongkong there should be such an abundance of gifted young musicians. I congratulate Professor Danenberg most heartily on what he was able to produce. He is a really good teacher of music as the examples proved beyond all doubt.

MOUNTAIN BATTERY'S RETURN.

INDIAN TROOPS ENTERTAINED.

During the great war the H. K. S. R. G. A. and Mountain Battery, by their distinguished conduct and gallantry on the battlefield, have won an enviable record and gathered to themselves a profusion of D. C. M.'s, M. C.'s and other honours. Their return to the Colony was therefore made an occasion for rejoicing on the part of the local Mohammedan Community, and the Indian staff of the General Post Office hastened to do honour to this distinguished band of heroes by entertaining the officers and N. C. O.'s at tea at the Cafe Wiseman yesterday afternoon. This pleasant function was presided over by Khan Sahib Hasham Khan and the efforts which were exerted to entertain the guests must have left a deep impression on the latter, who found in the occasion a warm welcome home from the dangers and hardships of the battlefield. The pipers of the battalion were also present and the music they supplied contributed to the afternoon's enjoyment. The entire Indian Staff of the General Post Office was present also the Postmaster General (Mr. S.B.C. Ross). There were also present Mr. A. F. Arculli, Dr. H. Arculli, Mr. Sirdar Khan, Mr. H. M. Soleman, Inspector Nawab Khan, Mr. S. D. Mehal, Mr. Fateh Mohammad, Mr. O. Arculli, Mr. A. Karim, Mr. Miran Baksh, Mr. W. M. Mehal and several other gentlemen of the Mohammedan Community. The Officers present were: Captain Skilton (M.C.), Lieut. Perrott, Lieut. Evenden (M.C.), Lieut. Willcox, Lieut. L. Tyler, Lieut. C.W. Reynolds, Lieut. Mann, Lieut. Creasy, Subedar Imam Din Khan (M.C.), Subedar Mehdi Shah, Subedar Maula Baksh, S. A. S. (St. George's Gold Medal), The Non-Commissioned Officers present were: Havildar Major Piran Ditta (D. C. M.), Havildar Nawab Khan (D.C.M.), Havildar Hani (M.M.), Naik Tikka Khan (M.M.), Havildar Sultan Mohammad (D. C. M.) and 31 other N. C. O's.

Addressing Captain Skilton and the other Officers, Khan Sahib Hasham Khan said that their purpose in asking their guests' presence there was to convey to them all, as well as to all the combatants of their battery, that they were proud of them, particularly of the men who obtained special decorations, in that they had done their duty to the Raj and the Empire to which all of them were so devoted. They were grateful to the Indian Officers and non-Commissioned Officers and men that by the skilful and successful performance of their duty they had conferred a lasting good name on them all and had proved to the world that Indians, whether Muslim or otherwise, were loyal to the core and deeply devoted to the King-Emperor. "We avail of your presence here to-day to make known the share you have taken in adding a lustre to our country and Hongkong, for which once more we ask your acceptance of our thanks and gratitude."

Subedar Imam Din Khan, M.C., said on behalf of the Indian Officers and N.C.O.s he thanked the hosts for the honour which they had done them. The love and the brotherly affection which was shown them created a deeply-rooted feeling of gratitude in their hearts which would never be effaced. They felt the greatest pleasure in expressing that they had striven with every zeal and ardour to perform their duty to the King-Emperor and their Country and for the up-keeping of Indian loyalty; and they were proud, as their hosts also were, of the part they had taken in the great war.

Captain Skilton, M.C., speaking in Hindustani, expressed his thanks for the honour accorded him and his brother officers and said that they had only commanded the real credit being due to the Indian Officers, N.C.O.s and men, who, by their bravery, had achieved what had been achieved. In conclusion, he thanked their hosts very much for the party which they had given.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ARMED ROBBERY.

The March Criminal Sessions were resumed, this morning, before Mr. Justice Melbourne. Luk Fong was charged with armed robbery at No. 85, Bonham Strand West, on January 13 last. The accused pleaded not guilty. The Crown Solicitor, Mr. G. H. Wakeman, prosecuted and the accused was defended by Mr. R. E. Bellis, instructed by Mr. G. R. Haywood. The jury were Messrs. F. X. D. Remedios, E. F. Clayton, Wong Po Ki, C. J. Gandall, G. H. May, W. Souza and A. R. Kinnross. Opening the case for the prosecution the Crown Solicitor said the accused was charged with committing an assault on three men at No. 85 Bonham Strand West, on January 13 last, with intent to commit a robbery. There were three separate firms occupying the ground, first and second floors of the premises, and on the top floor the foks of the firm were awakened between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning and were held down by three men who got into the shop, all of whom were armed with revolvers. A struggle followed and a desk was knocked over, which aroused the manager of the firm underneath. One of the servants ran upstairs to see what was the matter and one of the robbers chased him down again, threatening him with a revolver. The servant called out and blew a police whistle. A constable near by heard the alarm and as he arrived at a back door of the premises he saw a man coming out. He attempted to arrest the man but after a struggle he got away and as he went, the constable heard something that sounded like metal drop on the ground. The man was chased and eventually arrested, and he proved to be the prisoner. A dagger was found near the back door, which it was submitted was dropped by the prisoner. When charged at the police station, the accused said he was passing by when a constable asked him what was the matter. He said probably there was some fighting taking place. On the premises, the police found gags and other implements usually used in armed robberies.

The case is proceeding.

DEMOLISHED OFFICERS.

EMPLOYMENT SCHEME.

The British Ministry of Labour announces that an Appointments Department has been formed for the purpose of placing prospective employers in touch with demobilized British officers and men of similar educational qualifications. A very large number of applications for posts overseas has been received, and to deal with these the Appointments Department has opened two special Directorates at Gresham House, London, E.C.—Directorate No. 11 for openings in the outer British Empire, and Directorate No. 1111 for those in Foreign Countries.

The applicants for appointments comprise some of the best of the Motherland's manhood, and may be divided roughly into three classes: viz. (1) untrained men, chiefly composed of those who joined the Army straight from Public School or University; (2) semi-trained men, whose education was interrupted by the outbreak of war, and (3) trained men. While the British Government has made elaborate arrangements for training men for any position, it is realized that in many cases Overseas employers would rather obtain a good man and train him themselves. In any case employers who have appointments to offer are invited to send full particulars of their requirements to the Directorate concerned at the above address. The cable address for the Overseas Directorates is Ad-minlab, Ave, London.

much for the party which they had given. Mr. Arculli invited the guests to a dinner which he proposed to hold next Sunday in honour of the return of the battalion. The party then broke up, after a very enjoyable hour.

REMEMBER
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THE MOST
MODERN
CARS IN
TOWN.

A PURITY CAMPAIGN.

SOME SINGAPORE MEETINGS.

Justice for women. That is the plea which Mrs. Dixon is placing before the public of Singapore in connection with the Purity Campaign.

For over two years the Singapore Social Service Committee has been regularly meeting and discussing local conditions in the hope of doing something to improve the conditions of life in Singapore, and stimulating a higher tone of public opinion in regard to social questions. The Report of the Royal Commission on Venereal Diseases and the wide spread movement throughout the world to remedy the evil naturally attracted the attention of the Committee and they have been carefully studying the question in the light of the experience of other places and of the circumstances of the town. They decided to inaugurate a "Purity Campaign" and invited Mrs. Dixon, a skilled lecturer on social questions to come down from India to help in the Campaign.

At 9 p.m. on March 11 a crowded meeting was held for women, at which the Rev. Mr. Cross presided, the subject being "The Scourge," the idea to bring home to the men of Singapore the grave national and world danger of venereal diseases and to bring Singapore into line, if possible with the rest of the world.

The Chairman said that he had been asked to take the chair on that occasion. They were met under the auspices of the Singapore Social Service Committee that had done work for two or three years at least, trying to gather information and to devise a policy whereby united they might, as a community, elevate their city life, and for the higher expression of their citizenship. He might say that the purpose of that campaign was in the first place one of protest. The reports of all competent authorities were agreed in the desire to draw their attention to the great danger that lurked in what they call the Scourge, and it had two definite aspects; it was physical and moral. As to venereal disease there was a far greater danger attacking them and that was venereal thoughts, which went deep down into a nation's life. It had been circulated that theirs was a limited appeal. They were conscious of that limitation, but they must make a beginning somewhere and that campaign was only the beginning. Surely it was for the English speaking people to begin at their own doors. He hoped one of the results would be to rouse other sections of the great community in which they lived to combat the evil common to all and it was their duty to fight it.

Mr. Makepeace, who was accorded a very hearty reception, said that it was his duty to lay before the meeting that night some very unpleasant facts, and by laying those facts, he hoped to impress on their minds that the scourge was one of the greatest evils that existed. It was true not for this city alone, not for London alone, but for the whole world. He then proceeded to give figures, and statistics at some length to show the enormous prevalence of different venereal diseases, and the sickness and the untold suffering which they entailed on the population in general and the urgent necessity for reducing the evil so caused by appropriate action.

Mrs. Dixon, who was very cordially received, said that she came before them to put the subject from rather a different point of view than that from which they generally heard. She came to put before them the subject from a woman's point of view. She could claim to have the support of many officials of the women's suffrage societies and other societies at home. She could claim to represent the opinion of no less

than 34 societies and she could claim to represent the views of the Royal Commission. When they formed that Commission they did her the honour to elect her one of their speakers. Commenting upon the evil the speaker said that it was only natural that the women's movement had risen in antagonism against it. Just exactly as men drove out slavery some years ago, they as women, were absolutely determined that the evil should cease and it should go the same way as slavery, the other evil had gone.

Mrs. Dixon then went on to deal with the trade and she would ask them to keep in their minds the motto or axiom familiar to all of them: "necessity knows no law." If the demand were to cease so would the supply and the trade would cease to-morrow. As to the supply one of the chief causes she attributed it was to neglected homes, secondly to poverty and thirdly seduction and desertion, a common cause in every country in the world. She knew the reason for the trade flourishing out here. Women were sold like cattle. It was absolutely true. Woman were much weaker and more helpless than men and that was the reason the supply was so successful in the East. She knew hundreds of these women. She had visited 21 brothels and she had never met one single woman who was happy. She might pretend to be but she was not happy. Must they really put up with that evil? Was it a necessary evil or was it also perhaps a superstition. They should make all brothels illegal. If the strangers living here did not like the idea let them leave the place if they could not conform to the standard of righteous living in Singapore. The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chair.

ANOTHER MEETING.

A well-attended meeting of representative women of Singapore was held at the Victoria Theatre at 10.30 a.m. on March 11. The chair was taken by Mrs. J. M. Sime, who made a few introductory remarks, and then called on Dr. G. B. Serle to speak on the medical aspect of the Social Evil. Mrs. Sime then called upon Mrs. Dixon, who is an expert in these matters, and represents the views of many societies in England, to address the meeting.

Mrs. Dixon took for her subject the "Double Moral Standard," defining it as "the idea that women must, while men cannot be expected to control their physical impulses." Having shewn the resultant evils and convinced the audience of the iniquity of the double moral standard, she proceeded to say

how it could be abolished by knowledge and education and by opposing local conditions. She concluded by pointing out with convincing power what was the real inward meaning of the brothel system in its degradation, exploitation, and slavery of womanhood.

At the close of the meeting the following resolution was put, and carried unanimously: "That this meeting, believing that the existence of brothels always involves the degradation and exploitation of women, calls upon the Government to abolish all known brothels within the area of its administration."

THE EX-KAISER.

BECOMING GRADUALLY DESERTED.

London, January 27.—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, has grown very surly and rarely speaks a word to his men servants and guards, according to the *Mail's* correspondent at Amerongen. His latest recorded remark, it is said, was made a few days ago, when he said that his "time at Amerongen was nearly up." His wife, on the other hand, maintains a cheerful disposition and shows an interest in the welfare of the people living near the castle where she is living.

The correspondent says: "The former Emperor is being gradually deserted by every one, he receives practically no visitors, and his formerly voluminous correspondence has become very small."

A WINTER AILMENT.

THE TIME WHEN RHEUMATISM RETURNS.

This is the season when stiffness in the joints, and sharp twinges of pain in the muscles of the arms, legs or back, give warning to many people that rheumatism has not been dispelled from their system. Damp or cold days excite the old trouble and make existence miserable.

There are almost as many ways of treating rheumatism as there are doctors. Most of these treatments are directed only at the symptoms, and are reckoned good enough if they relieve the pain and stiffness for a time, but they fail to get at the cause of the trouble, and so the rheumatism returns after exposure to damp or cold.

This is because rheumatism is usually associated with the blood, and it cannot be corrected until the blood is built up and able to throw off the poisons of the disease.

The most direct treatment for rheumatism is Dr. Williams' pink pills, because they enrich the blood, making it pure and red. By this method the system is strengthened, the poisons are dispelled, and the patient is far less likely to suffer from further attacks.

For men and women alike, Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people are a valuable tonic and health builder. They are sold by dealers everywhere, also one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. The price includes postage.

NOTICES.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

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Music by Frederick Norton.

WITH FULL ORCHESTRA, CHORUS AND BALLET

OVER 60 PERFORMERS

GALA PERFORMANCE, FRIDAY, March 21st, at 8.15 p.m.

The gross takings of which will be allocated to the

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Prices: Dress Circle \$5.00

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Second Performance Saturday March 22nd, at 8.15 p.m.
Third ... Monday ... 24th ...
Fourth ... Tuesday ... 25th ...
Fifth ... Wednesday ... 26th, Matinee.
Children half price to Matinees.

Prices: \$3, \$2 & \$1.

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TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

It was bewildering! The girl he loved stood before him, apparently a murderess, with her victim at her feet. Around him stood his captors, desperate men, hungering for his life. And then, all of a sudden, everyone began to laugh and pound him on the back!

What was the answer? See

Mrs. VERNON CASTLE

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CORONET
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LONDON—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
"ALPS MARU" 28th March.

GENOA & BOMBAY—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Co.'s steamer.
"SIAM MARU" Sunday, 23rd March, at daylight.

MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore & Port Said.
BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN AND CAPE TOWN VIA SINGAPORE.
"HIMALAYA MARU" End of March.

BOMBAY AND COLOMBO, Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.
"SIAM MARU" Sunday, 23rd March, at daylight.

BATAVIA, SOERABAYA, SAMARANG—Monthly direct service.
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.
"LUZON MARU" End of March.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & TACOMA VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.
"MANILA MARU" 12th April.
"ARABIA MARU" 15th April.

HAIPHONG—Three times a month service.
"DAIKOKU MARU" Sunday, 23rd March.

KEELUNG, TAKAO VIA SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Soon Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.

TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.
"SOSHU MARU" Thursday, 27th March, at 9 a.m.

KEELUNG VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.
"KAISO MARU" Sunday, 23rd March, at 10 a.m.
"AMAKUSA MARU" Sunday, 30th March, at 10 a.m.

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K. YAMASAKI, Manager.

Tel. No. 744 and 745 No. 1, Queen's Building.

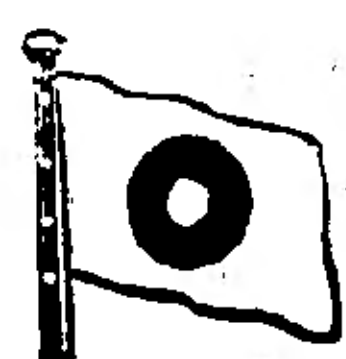
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These steamers are fitted with Refrigerating machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of ice, fresh provisions etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian ports.

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NOTICE.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING
COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.—The FORTY-FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents, Pedder's Street, on THURSDAY the 27th instant at 11.30 A.M. for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1918.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to 27th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 4th March, 1919.

THE CHINA-BORNEO
CO. LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Sixteenth Yearly Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. Georges Buildings, at 11.30 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 26th March, 1919, for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1918, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 19th March to the 26th March, 1919, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Agents.

THE HONGKONG AND
WHAMPOA DOCK
CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Office of the Company, 2 Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on Monday 31st March, 1919, at noon, for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1918.

The Share Register and Transfer Books will be closed from the 22nd to the 31st inst. both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

R. M. DYER
Chief Manager
Hongkong, 15th March, 1919.

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IMPROVED "HEPPELL'S FLY SPRAY"

SUPPRESSES FLIES, MOSQUITOS & OTHER INSECT DISEASE CARRIERS.

"INSECTOX OUTFITS" consisting of bottles of "Household Insectox".

Price \$4.00

"HOUSEHOLD INSECTOX"

Bottle, for use in home, hospital, hotel, etc.

Price \$1.30 per tin.

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Bottle, extra strong, for use in camps, stables, factories, schools, quarters, etc.

Price \$1.30 per tin.

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Bottle, for spraying plants infested with insects, etc. Harmless to plants.

Price 70c. per tin.

On sale at Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co., Hongkong & Kowloon, Bakilly Co., Hongkong, and leading stores.

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Sole Agents.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 22nd March, 1919,

commencing at 10.30 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

A Fine Assortment of Silver Ware and Prince's Plate, comprising:—

Spirit lamp with porcelain tea-pot, Salad bowls and servers, Entree dishes, Ice bucket and tongs, Trays, Hot water dish, Decanters, Claret jugs, Biscuit box, Ice cream plates, Li pour glasses in case, Ice cream plates and spoons in case etc., etc.

And One Tantalus Liquor Stand with 3 Cut-glass bottles

Also A Selection of French Porcelain-ware consisting of Centrepieces, Vases, Plates, Jars, Flower pots, Dishes etc., etc.

Terms: Cash on delivery. Catalogue will be issued.

On view from Thursday the 20th March 1919.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY, the 26th March 1919,

commencing at 11 a.m. at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

(For account of the concerned) MILD STEEL PAN HEAD RIVETS

3" x 2 1/2" 2 1/2" 3" 50 50 50 cwt.

3" x 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2" 2 1/2" 2 1/2" 30 50 100 100 100 100 100 cwt.

3" x 1 1/2" 1 1/2" 2" 2 1/2" 2 1/2" 3" 50 50 100 100 100 100 100 cwt.

On View: Now Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

WEDNESDAY, the 9th April, 1919,

commencing at 12 o'clock (noon) at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

(For account of the concerned) The Wreck of the S. S. Ylamsamud

(2332 tons nett register) As she now lies on Alligator Island (near Footchow) with all anchors, chains, gear and appurtenances, etc.

Terms: Cash on fall of hammer when the wreck will be at purchasers risk.

GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

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Is a Powerful Remedy for all kinds of Pain, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, etc.

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NOTICES.

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CONSIGNEES.	CONSIGNEES.	CONSIGNEES.
"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LTD. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. FROM UNITED KINGDOM, COLOMBO, & STRAITS. THE Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 25th March 1919, at 5 P.M. noon will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, on 25th March 1919, at 10 a.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 30 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD. Agents. Hongkong, 18th March, 1919.	AMERICAN & MANJHURIAN LINE. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. From NEW YORK VIA PANAMA CANAL. THE Steamship "WALTON HALL," having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence, and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by the 22nd March, 1919 will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 20th March and also at 2.30 P.M. Claims against the Steamer must be presented within 14 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognised. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by THE BANK LINE, LIMITED. Agents. Hongkong, 14th March 1919.	THE DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE. THE Steamship "TANORED" having arrived from San Francisco, via ports, on March 14th, 1919, consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Holt's Wharf and stored at consignee's risk. All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined at 10 a.m. March 18, 1919, by the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke. All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here after which they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown, and all goods remaining after March 22, will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for counter-signature. THE ROBERT DOLLAR COY. Agents. Hongkong, 17th March, 1919.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

20th, 21st, 22nd & 23rd March.

We are fortunate in securing another picture of

CREIGHTON HALE
AND
GLADYS HULETTE

GLADYS HULETTE
IN
"ANNEXING BILL."

"Annexing Bill" is a fine-flavored light comedy of the romantic type and winsome Gladys Hulette and her co-star, Creighton Hale, have the most pleasing and altogether delightful picture-play of their respective screen careers in Edgar Franklin's cleverly written play.

In the first place, Enid Barwell is an art student with no money. Billy is in love with her. He is a young lawyer just starting on what promises to be a splendid career. Then a ship founders, and it is reported that a maiden aunt of Enid's is lost. Enid is her sole heiress and is notified that a million dollars awaits her. And Billy firmly declares he will not marry her.

Enid is very much in love with Billy and the mere matter of a million dollars standing between her and happiness is promptly disposed of. She plans to hand over her new fortune to a friend's husband, who is notoriously unsuccessful in investments. The transfer of the money is just about to be consummated when to there appears upon the scene the aunt who was believed to have been drowned.

It seems that all is well now with the young lovers when it is suddenly discovered that the pseudo aunt is really an imposter and that Enid is really in possession of the million dollars after all.

How the tangle is straightened out and true love comes into its own is ingeniously depicted in the concluding chapters of "Annexing Bill."

永 安 有 限 公 司
WING ON CO., LTD.
HONGKONG.
UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS,
Most up-to-date and Cheapest House
in Hongkong.
Prompt attention given to Orders.

Maison Lily

Just received an assortment

*New Sham Hats,
Linen, Ties, Shirts
and Flowered Ties.*

Shanghai

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the popular demand
for further performances of

"PINKIE & THE FAIRIES"

there will be a

SPECIAL MATINEE

on Thursday, 27th March, at 4.30 p.m. and a
FINAL PERFORMANCE

on Saturday, 29th March, at 9.15 p.m.

PRICES... \$3.00, \$2.00 & \$1.00.

Booking will open at MOUTRIE'S

on SATURDAY, 22nd inst.

TO-DAY'S CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(Wah Tsz Yat Po Service)

Shanghai, March 19.

It is rumoured here that Sir John Jordan has left for Shanghai to see Tang Shao-ye to ascertain the real circumstances in the South, and that upon his return the Diplomatic Body will meet to consider another friendly representation to China.

Shanghai, March 19.

At the Southerners' meeting yesterday, the delegate, Li Shue-ying, reported the receipt of Yu Yau-yam's letter, dated 10th inst., reporting fighting near Kienhien and Kishan. Yu's telegram to Shanghai is still being held. The Southern delegates therefore interviewed Chu Kai-kim, demanding an explanation. Chu agreed to wire to Peking.

Luk Ching-chung, chief delegate in Paris, has cabled saying he has returned to Paris from Switzerland, and that the British Premier and the American President have also arrived. He urges China not to let world peace over-step internal peace.

The British, American, French and Italian Ministers propose to give further friendly advice to China and to ask the Japanese Minister to join. The latter, however, hesitates.

The Cabinet is in a dilemma because on one hand it is not strong enough to enforce the armistice, and on the other is subject to Chu Kai-kim's personal demand for explanations. This has led to a rumour that Chin Naung-fun's Cabinet will be shaken.

Since Japan's advice to temporarily stop publishing the Sino-Japanese pact, the Cabinet has decided to publish to-day the first Grant Casual Loan with an American Syndicate in 1917.

Shanghai merchants propose that the whole country stop paying taxes, until peace is concluded, in order to expedite the Conference.

DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES.

LATEST SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Mrs. Pollock advises us of the receipt of the following subscriptions towards a Hongkong bed in memory of the Barnardo Boys who fell in the war:—

H.E. the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn, C.M.G.	\$100
The Hon. Mr. P. H. Hoeyork	100
Mr. E. V. D. Parr	30
Mrs. Murray Scott	20
Mrs. A. Beattie	20
General Ventris	20
Mrs. Bowdler	20
Mrs. Scott Harston	10
Mr. E. Howard	10
Mrs. Grimble	10
Mrs. W. H. Bell	10
Mrs. Fraser	10
Mr. P. Burns	10
Miss Sloan	5
Miss Lawrence	5
Mrs. Ralphs	5
Mrs. Hodgson	5
Already acknowledged	\$410 303
	\$713

CRICKET LEAGUE.

C.R.C. v. ROYAL ENGINEERS.

This match will be played at Causeway Bay on Saturday, the 22nd inst., at 2.15 p.m. and the following will represent the C.R.C.—Ua Hew Fan, Yew Man Tsun, Harry Ching, George Lee, Sin Man Ping, James Wong, K. K. Wong, Wong Po Keung, C. F. Lee, Wei Lee San and Cheung Wing Kui.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT

AT

THE CORONET



IN

"EASY STREET"

TO-DAY'S SHARE QUOTATIONS.

S.—SELLERS; SA.—SALES;
B.—BUYERS; N.—NOMINAL.

OFFICIAL PRICES. BANKS.

H. K. & S. Banks n.	\$735
Cantons b.	\$410
North China b.	\$1234
Union b.	\$1035
Yangtze b.	\$225
Far Eastern n.	\$25

FIRE INSURANCES.

China Fires n.	\$175
H. K. Fires b.	\$355

SHIPPING.

Douglases s.	934
Steamboats b.	224
Indos (Pref.) b.	\$32
Indos (Def.) b.	\$159
Shells n.	1604
Ferries s.	\$374

REFINERIES.

Sugars s.	\$1184
Malabons b.	\$36

MINING.

Kailans n.	504
Langkats b.	\$254
Raubs b.	2
Tromohs n.	404
Urals n.	404

DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, &C.

H. K. Wharves b.	\$115
Kowloon Docks b.	\$159
Shai Docks b.	\$194
N. Engineerings b.	\$244

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.

Centrals b.	\$106
H. K. Hotels b.	\$90
Land Invest. b.	\$16
H. K. Estates b.	\$74
K'loon Lands b.	\$34
L. Reclamations n.	\$175
West Points b.	\$69

COTTON MILLS.

Ewos b. & sa.	\$230
Kung Yiks b.	\$20
Lau Kung Mows b.	\$145
Oriental b.	\$89
Shai Cottons b.	\$174
Yangtzeppos b.	\$104

MISCELLANEOUS.

Green Islands b.	\$370
Borneos b.	\$15
China Light & P. b.	\$54
Providents s.	\$84
Dairy Farms b.	\$274
H. K. Electric b.	\$75
Macao Electric n.	\$334
Rops b.	\$204
Trams, Low Level b.	\$794
Trams, Peak, old b.	\$735
Trams, Peak, new b.	\$75
Laundries b.	\$860
Steel Foundries n.	\$12
U. Waterboats b.	\$18
Watsons b.	\$615
Wan. Powells b.	\$94
Wiseman's b.	\$28

Hongkong, March 20, 1919.

HONGKONG DOG-CAT-POULTRY AND PIGEON SHOW 1919.

A show in connection with the above will be held (by kind permission of the Stewards, Hongkong Jockey Club) within their enclosure, Happy Valley, on Saturday, the 13th April, 1919.

Entry forms containing full particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

G. W. GEGG.

Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
c/o Messrs. Hughes & Hough.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on
SATURDAY, the 22nd March 1919,
commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at his Sales rooms, Duddell Street.

One Hammerless Double Barrelled 12 Bore Fowling Piece in Leather Case.

(By Riley-Bond Street, London)
One Golden Sunbeam Bicycle (1 speed).

On view Now.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMMERT.
Auctioneer.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Forebank East, No. 166 The Peak (Magazine Gap) to let from 1st April. Apply Box 114, c/o "Hongkong Telegraph" Office.

"SIR ERIC GEDDES, O.B.E." Captain Anten, V.C., commander of the mystery ship Suffolk Coast, which has returned to St. Katherine's Dock, tells a story of the vessel's previous visit to London. A man came on board and announced that he was Sir Eric Geddes, to whom he certainly bore some resemblance. "My friend, David Lloyd George," he said, "sent me down to see the ship." Capt. Anten, knowing that "First Lords do not talk like that," invited him to sign the visitors' book while the Admiralty were communicated with. The man, having signed his name as "Sir Eric Geddes, O.B.E." was taken to the police station, where he was found to be a lunatic.

BREEZY GARAGE.

Tel. No. 2499.

31, Des Vaux Road, Central.

The latest model, "Chandler", "Hudson" and "Oakland" cars for hire.
Theatre parties. Pleasure trips.
Shopping etc. at moderate charges.
Our cars are only driven by experienced drivers, so that all clients are sure of every safety and comfort.
Large stocks of spare parts and children's "Skudders" on sale.
Motor car, launch and cycle repairing done daily.
Call and inspect.

JUST ARRIVED.

Large Assortment of:
Lace Works, Embroideries, Drawn Thread Works, comprising:
Collars, Blouses, Handkerchiefs, Table & Bed Covers, etc.,
Fillet & other Hand-made Laces.
Exquisite modern designs, Excellent quality,
Moderate prices.
INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.
SWATOW DRAWN WORK CO.,
No. 14, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

M. Y. SAN & Co., Ltd.

HONGKONG.

HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS

BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,

Well known for best Materials, up-to-date Machinery and Cleanest Work in the Orient.

HEAD OFFICE:

Nos. 92-100 Queen's Road, Central.

FACTORY:

Nos. 141-145, Wanchai Road.

Branches at Manila, Singapore, Shanghai and Canton, China.

FEED THE BABY

CLEAN

HEALTHFUL

HAS NO EQUAL

It is a perfected milk Food, wholesome and delicious. Prepared by the most improved process whereby all the nutritive elements of the richest cows milk and strengthening cereals are scientifically combined.

ON SALE AT

A. S. WATSON & CO. THE PHARMACY
VICTORIA DISPENSARY COLONIAL DISPENSARY

AND

ALL LEADING PROVISION SHOPS.

CONNELL BROS. CO., Agents.

THE HONGKONG SCHOOL OF MOTORING.

APPLICATIONS FROM STUDENTS ARE
NOW BEING ACCEPTED.

The SCHOOL has accommodation for 200 PUPILS, the syllabus including courses for MECHANICS and DRIVING.

SPECIAL FACILITIES are offered to persons desirous of becoming CHAUFFEURS and not at the moment having means at their disposal for their course.

Works and school-Shaukiwan Office-4 Queen's Road Central

OUR SPECIALITY

JAVA PRODUCE

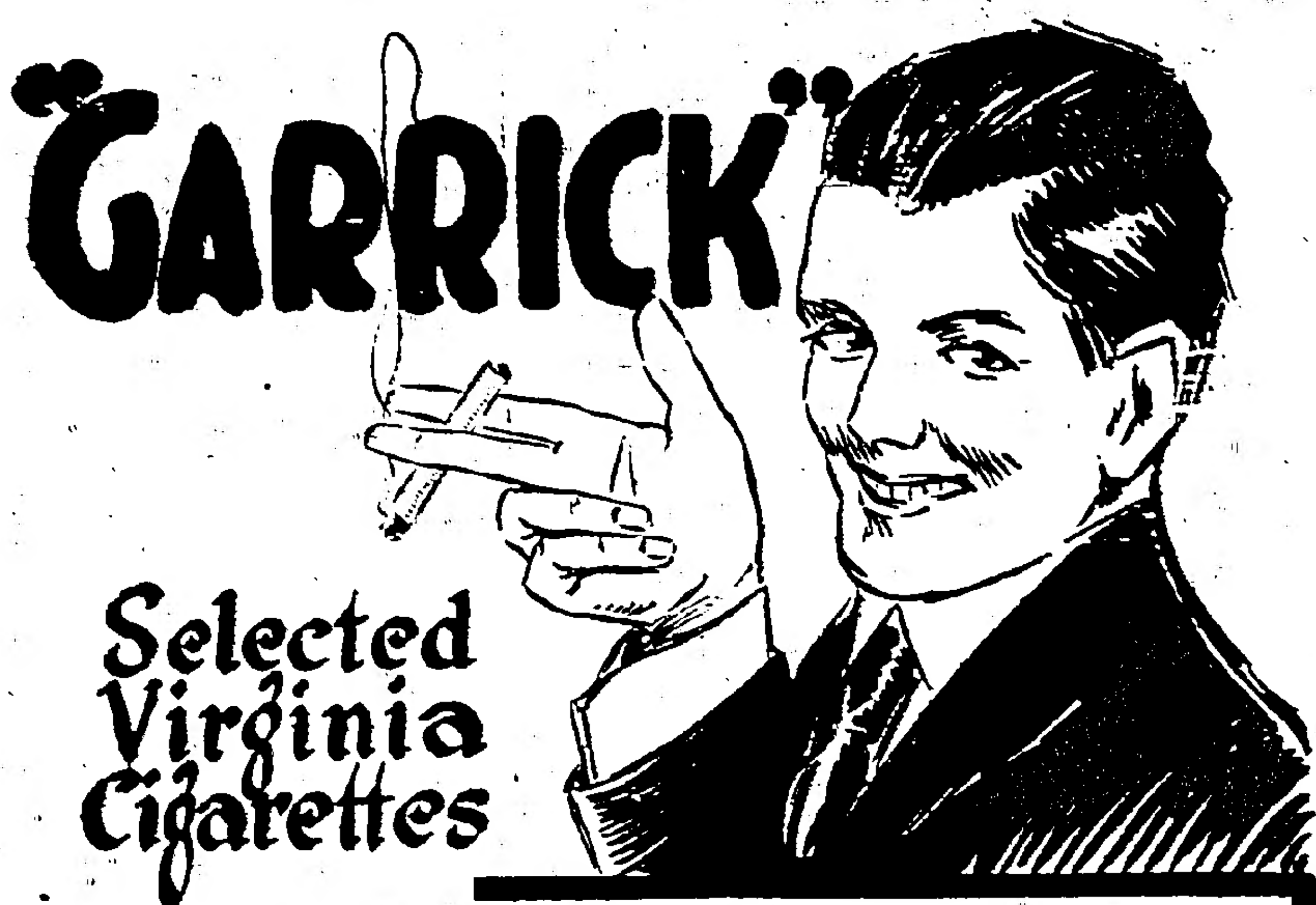
Apply for Samples and Prices to

HOLLAND PACIFIC TRADING Co.,

(LATE WILLEM HEYBLUM Co.)

POWELL'S BUILDING.

NOTICES.



GARRICK

Selected Virginia Cigarettes

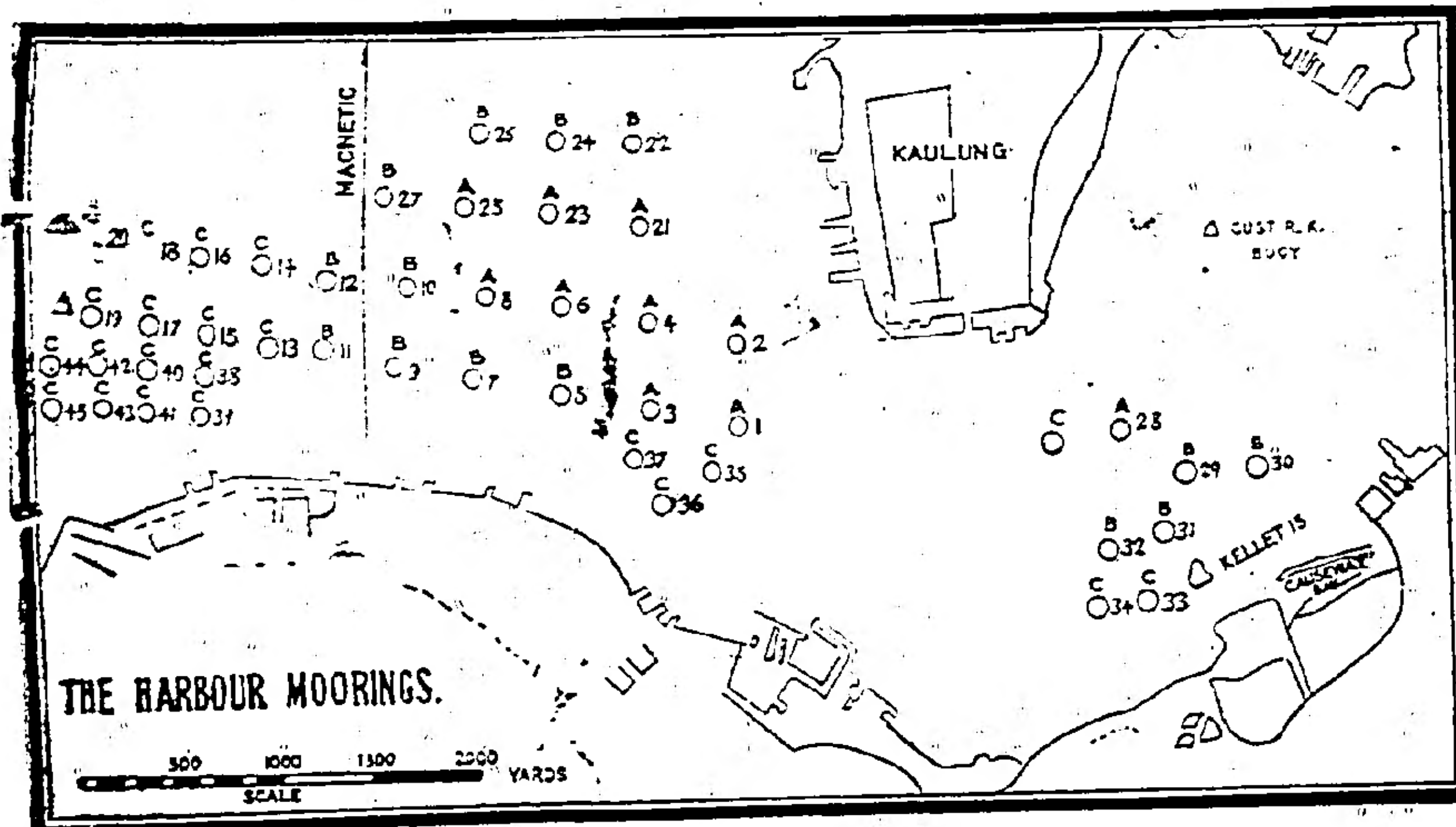
ARE MADE FROM THE HIGHEST
COST AND MOST DELICATELY
FLAVOURED.

TOBACCO
GROWN IN VIRGINIA.

SOLD IN AIR-TIGHT TINS OF
50 CIGARETTES & OBTAINABLE
AT ALL TOBACCONISTS



SHIPPING.



SHIPPING.

VESSELS ARRIVED.

March 20.
Wingau, 1517, Br. Capt. Christie,
Canton, 3 & 8—Mooring—
0 37.
Yonouze, 1165, Br. Capt. Evans, Sing-
apore, P & O—Mooring—X
Wharf.
Maunau, 1641, Br. Capt. McAnish,
Bangkok, J. M.—Mooring—
K. Wharf.
Walsau, 1163, Br. Capt. Matthew,
Bangkok, J. M.—Mooring—
O 44.
Haida, 1166, Nor. Capt. Green, Saigon,
L. & Co.—Mooring—O 37.
Taiwan, 1247, Jap. Capt. Kasai,
Canton, Sato—Mooring—C 40.
Sakawa, 672, Jap. Capt. Kawanishi,
Dairen, Sato—Mooring—B 5.
Toku Maru, 1197, Jap. Capt. Hayada,
Wakai, Chi Kyoku—Mooring—
B 33.
Rijo Maru, 719, Jap. Capt. Yokasaka,
Kobe, Sato—Mooring—B 33.
Boro Maru, 1163, Jap. Capt. Hadono,
Singapore, Y. E. K.—Mooring—
B 10.
Chen On, 135, Ch. Capt. Joo, Hoihow,
Luei Yick—Mooring—O 33.
Pak Wo, 1067, Ch. Capt. Steadlin, Shang-
hai, Xing Sing On—Mooring—
O 18.
Hsin Tak, 1140, Ch. Capt. Glen, Canton,
C. M. & Co.—Mooring—Wharf.

VESSELS CLEARED.

Takshu for Canton
Chidanku Maru for Kobe
Wingau for Shanghai
Widow for Shanghai
Yoku Maru for Canton
Hoihow for Wuhu
Rijo Maru for Hoihow
Boro Maru for Hoihow

POST OFFICE.

INWARD MAILS.

Manila and Australia—Per TAIYUAN,
15th March.
Canada—Per EMPRESS OF ASIA, 22nd
March.

OUTWARD MAILS.

TO-MORROW.

Hoihow and Bangkok—Per DIVA, 21st
March, 12 a.m.
Japan via Miji, Honolulu and San
Francisco—Per ANYOMARU, 21st
March, 10 a.m.
Straits, Bangkok and Calcutta—Per
YAMAGATA MARU, 21st
March, 10 a.m.
Straits, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, S.
Africa, India via Dharmashakti,
Egypt and Europe via Suez—
Per INABA MARU, 21st
March, Reg. 9:45 a.m. Letters
10:30 a.m.
Philippine Is.—Per LOONGSANG, 21st
March, 2 p.m.
Straits, Bangkok, Egypt and Europe via
Suez—Per BECTOR, 21st
March, 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, 22nd March.

Philippine Is., Shanghai North China,
Japan via Nagasaki, Canada,
United States, Central and S.
America and Europe via Van-
couver—Per FUSHIMI
MARU, 22nd March, Reg.
9:15 a.m. Letters 10 a.m.
Hoihow, Pakhoi, and Haiphong—Per
KALYONG, 22nd March, 10 a.m.
Amoy, Shanghai and North China—Per
CHUNGKING, 22nd March,
11 a.m.
Straits and Bangkok—Per NAMBANO,
22nd March, 2 p.m.
Shanghai, N. China—Per YINGCHOW,
22nd March, 2 p.m.
Weather, Chien and Hsinan—Per
CHIPSHING, 22nd March, 2 p.m.

WEATHER REPORT.

March 20th, 12h. 30m.—No returns from
Japan and Vladivostok. Pressure has
decreased considerably at Waihaiwei,
and increased slightly to moderately at
the majority of other reporting stations;
the anticyclone has moved eastwards.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours
ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.90 inch.
Total since January 1st, 2.24 inches
against an average of 4.83 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS
ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District	Forecast
Hongkong to Gz; Beak	E. winds, moderate; fair.
Formosa Channel	N. winds, fresh.
South coast of China (be- tween H.K. and Loochoo)	The same between H.K. and Hainan.
South coast of China (be- tween H.K. and Hainan)	The same between H.K. and Hainan.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Chief Assistant.
Hongkong Observatory, Mar. 20, 1919.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous	Day	On date	On date
Barometer	30.03	30.06	30.01
Temperature	73	68	71
Humidity	83	73	64
Wind Direction	W.N.W.	E.	E.
Force	3	5	6
Weather	—	0.50	0.60
Rain	—	0.50	0.60
Maximum temperature on the day	73	68	71
Minimum temperature on the day	64	58	61

H. K. OBSERVATORY, MAR. 20, 1919.
T. F. OLAKSON, Director.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG FIRE
INSURANCE
CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Fiftieth Ordinary Meet-
ing of Shareholders will be
held at the Office of the under-
signed at noon on Saturday the
29th instant.

The Transfer Books of the
Company will be closed from the
15th to the 29th instant, both
days inclusive.

At this Meeting a Resolution
will be proposed that, owing to
the Consulting Committee being
now made up to the maximum
number of eight, the remunera-
tion to the Committee be in-
creased from \$7,000 to \$8,000.

JARDINE MATHESON
& CO., LTD.

General Managers,
Hongkong Fire Insurance
Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 12th March, 1919.

CONSIGNEES.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM EUROPE & STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship

"SHIDZUOKA MARU,"

having arrived from the above
ports, Consignees of Cargo are
hereby informed that their Goods
are being landed and placed at
their risk in the Hongkong and
Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Company's Godowns at Kowloon,
where each consignment will be
sorted out mark by mark and
delivery can be obtained as soon
as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried
on unless instructions are given
to the contrary before NOON,
TO-DAY.

Goods not cleared by the 26th
March, 1919, will be subject
to rent.
Damaged packages must be left
in the Godowns for examination
by the Consignees and the C.O.s
representatives at an appointed
hour on Tuesday & Friday. All
claims must be presented within
ten days of the steamer's arrival
here, after which date they can-
not be recognized. No claims
will be admitted after the goods
have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents
Hongkong, 19th March, 1919.

MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.

The China Mail S.S. Co. is in receipt of
a telegram from its San Francisco Office
advising that the s.s. NANKING sailed
from that port on February 21st, and
may be expected to arrive in Hongkong
on March 21st, 1919.

The Admiral Line's s.s. SENATOR
sailed from Seattle's February 10th, calling
at Yokohama and is due to arrive at
Hongkong about March 21st.

The Pacific Mail S.S. Co. is in receipt
of a telegram from its Shanghai
Office that the s.s. VENEZUELA left
that Port on the 15th March for Manila,
and is expected at this Port on or about
March 28th 1919.

The s.s. CELESTIC PRINCE is due to
arrive here from New York towards the
end of April.

The s.s. STAVIL PRINCE is due to
arrive here from New York on the 5th
April.

The China Mail S.S. Co. is in receipt of
a telegram from its San Francisco Office
advising that the s.s. CHINA sailed
from that port for the Orient on March 15th,
in accordance with schedule.

The American & Manchuria Line
s.s. "VITAEORUM" left New York for
Hongkong, Manila and Singapore on the
4th March, and may be expected to arrive
at this port on the 10th May.

The R.M.S. EMPRESS OF ASIA
arrived at Manila on the 19th inst. and
is due at Hongkong on the 22nd instant.

NOTICE.

MITSUBISHI SHOU
KAISHA, LTD.

(MITSUBISHI TRADING CO.)

COAL, GENERAL IMPORTS AND
EXPORTS.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
YAKASHIMA OCHI MUTARE, KISHIDAKE,
YOSHINOYAMA, NAGAO, KAMAMATSU, KATO,
KANADA, SHINKEI, KAMITAMADA, SHIRAI
AND OTUBARI COAL MINES.

Agents for SAKITO COAL.

HEAD OFFICE, TOKYO.

BRANCHES AND REPRESENTA-
TIVES:—NAGASAKI, KARATSU,
WAKAMATSU, MOJI, KURE, KOBE,
OSAKA, TSURUGA, NAGOYA,
YOKOHAMA, TOKYO, HAKODATE,
MURORAN, OTARU, VLADIVOS-
TOK, PEKING, TIENTSIN, DAIREN,
TSINANFU, HANKOW, SHANGHAI,
TAIPEH, HONGKONG, CANTON,
HAIPHONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE,
CALCUTTA, LONDON & NEW YORK.

Cable Address:—

Hongkong:—"IWASAKI"

Canton, Haiphong:—

"IWASAKISAI."

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Western Union and Bentley's.
AGENCY FOR:—THE OSAKA
MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE
CO., LTD., OSAKA.

For Particulars Apply to:—
S. SAKI, Manager,
No. 11, Pedder Street, Hongkong.



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THE CARLTON HOTEL.
(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)
ICE HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management.

Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes' walk from the Banks and Central
District. 43 Bedrooms. Excellent Cuisine. Surprisingly Clean. Moderate
Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietor.
Telephone 812.

MRS F. E. CAMERON.

EUROPE HOTEL, SINGAPORE.

UNDER NEW BRITISH MANAGEMENT.

THE PREMIER HOTEL. FINEST SITUATION.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

ARTHUR E. ODELL.

(Late Grand Hotel, Southcliffe, England and
Royal Palace Hotel, London, W.)

ENTERTAINMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT 9.15 P.M. TO-NIGHT

CREIGHTON HALE GLADYS HULETTE
and
CREIGHTON HALE GLADYS HULETTE

"ANNEXING BILL"

Here is a fine example of what a light romantic comedy
should be. A spirited romance and an elemental plot
closely knit and a leadily arranged so that the tense
interest is sustained right up to the last minute.

PAYMENT IN FULL

See Stub and Bureas in this screaming comedy

SUNDAY Matinee, 25th March at 6 p.m.

"A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE REEL"

Pea-pod
Horat. Bo with wife Jane N. &
sub. at Lenhy.

Booking at ANDERSON'S.

THE
CORONET

March 20th, 21st, 22nd & 23rd,
at 5.15 & 9.15 p.m.

Mrs. VERNON CASTLE
IN

"THE MYSTERIOUS CLIENT"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN
"EASY STREET"

Booking at ROBINSON'S.

HOTELS.

The Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd.

Operating:—
THE HONGKONG HOTEL The leading Hotel in the Far East.
THE REPULSE BAY HOTEL The coming seaside resort of South China.
(opening in the Summer of 1919)
THE HOTEL MANSIONS The headquarters of the Canadian Pacific
(Office premises) Ocean Services, and the leading American
business concerns.

The Hotel Company, having recently extended their cold storage plant and
instituted motor transportation, are specialising in outside catering such as
banquets, dances, picnics, etc., and are prepared to supply all necessary equipment,
decorations, furnishings, and music.
Quotations may be obtained on application at the Hotel Main Office, or
representative will call on communicating with:

Telephone No. 433, Catering Department.
Telephone No. 1573, Manager.

J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

15 MINUTES FROM LANDING STAGE.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF

MRS. BLAIR.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.
ELECTRIC LIFTS AND LIGHTING,
TELEPHONE ON EACH FLOOR.

HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL STEAMERS.

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J. WITCHELL,

Manager.

KINGSLERE HOTEL MID-LEVEL
CRAIGIEBURN HOTEL THE PEAK
KNUTSFORD HOTEL KOWLOON

SACHSE, LENNOX & Co., General Agents

Are resident Managers.

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Wilson, at 11, Ice House Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong